

Geography grade 12 memorandum september 2013 Complete Guide

Geography grade 12 memorandum September 2013 provides essential insights and detailed solutions for students preparing for their Grade 12 Geography examinations. Memorandums serve as vital resources for learners to understand the correct answers, marking guidelines, and key concepts covered in the exam paper. This article aims to explore the significance of the 2013 memorandum, its content structure, and how students can utilize it effectively to improve their performance and deepen their understanding of geography.

Understanding the Importance of the Grade 12 Geography Memorandum

What is a Memorandum?

A memorandum is an official document that provides detailed solutions and mark allocations for a specific examination paper. For Grade 12 Geography, the memorandum outlines the correct responses to each question, along with explanations and relevant geographical terminology. It serves as a guide for both teachers and students to assess the accuracy of answers and ensure that assessment standards are maintained.

Why is the 2013 Memorandum Important?

The 2013 memorandum holds particular importance because:

- It reflects the examiners' expectations and marking criteria for that year.
- It helps students understand the key areas and concepts emphasized during the 2013 exam.
- It provides a benchmark for self-assessment and practice.
- It highlights the structure and types of questions typical of the Grade 12 Geography paper.

Key Components of the September 2013 Geography Memorandum

1. Question Structure and Content

The 2013 memorandum covers various question types, including:

- Multiple-choice questions
- Source-based questions
- Short-answer questions
- Extended response questions

Each section is carefully marked with detailed solutions, ensuring students grasp the expected responses.

2. Thematic Coverage

The memorandum aligns with the curriculum's core themes, such as:

- Population and settlement
- Resources and environment
- Geographical skills and techniques
- Economic activity and development
- Climate and weather patterns

Understanding these themes helps students focus their revision on core concepts.

3. Marking Guidelines and Criteria

One of the critical elements of the memorandum is the detailed marking guidelines, which specify:

- The number of marks allocated per question
- The key points and concepts to include in answers
- Common misconceptions to avoid
- How to award partial marks for incomplete answers

These guidelines assist students in structuring their responses to maximize marks.

Analyzing the Content of the 2013 Memorandum

Sample Question Breakdown

For example, a typical question might ask students to describe the impact of urbanization on the environment. The memorandum would provide:

- A comprehensive answer covering aspects such as pollution, loss of green spaces, and increased demand for resources.
- Keywords to include, such as 'urban sprawl', 'air quality', and 'water management'.
- The marks assigned to each part of the answer, guiding students on how detailed their responses should be.

Geographical Skills and Data Interpretation

The 2013 memorandum emphasizes skills such as:

- Reading and interpreting maps
- Analyzing graphs and tables
- Using photographs and diagrams effectively

Sample solutions demonstrate how to extract relevant information and present it coherently.

How to Use the 2013 Memorandum Effectively

1. Use as a Study Guide

Students should review the memorandum alongside their textbooks and class notes to:

- Clarify difficult concepts
- Understand the expected answers
- Identify areas needing further practice

2. Practice with Past Papers

Working through previous exam papers, then checking answers with the memorandum, helps:

- Build confidence
- Improve time management
- Familiarize with question formats

3. Focus on Marking Criteria

Pay special attention to how marks are allocated to different parts of answers. This understanding guides learners to:

- Prioritize key points
- Structure answers logically
- Avoid common mistakes

Benefits of Studying the 2013 Memorandum for Future Exams

1. Understanding Exam Expectations

Memorandums reveal what examiners look for in student responses, helping learners tailor their answers accordingly.

2. Enhancing Geographical Knowledge and Skills

By analyzing solutions, students deepen their understanding of geographical processes, concepts, and terminology.

3. Improving Answer Quality

Following the memorandum's guidelines teaches students how to present clear, concise, and comprehensive answers, increasing their chances of scoring higher.

Additional Resources and Tips for Grade 12 Geography Students

- Use official examiners' reports to understand common pitfalls and high-scoring strategies.
- Participate in study groups to discuss memorandum solutions and clarify doubts.
- Practice map-skills regularly using atlases and online mapping tools.
- Revise thematic content systematically, focusing on areas identified as challenging in past exams.
- Seek feedback from teachers on practice answers to align with marking standards.

Conclusion

The **geography grade 12 memorandum September 2013** is an invaluable resource for students aiming to excel in their exams. By understanding its structure, content, and application, learners can significantly improve their performance. Memorandums not only serve as answer keys but also as teaching tools that clarify expectations, reinforce key concepts, and guide effective studying. As students prepare for future assessments, leveraging past memorandums like that of September 2013 will undoubtedly contribute to their academic success and deepen their appreciation of geography as a vital discipline.

Geography Grade 12 Memorandum September 2013: An In-Depth Expert Review

Understanding the Geography Grade 12 memorandum for September 2013 is essential for educators, students, and examiners aiming to grasp the core concepts, marking schemes, and strategic approaches to mastering the curriculum. This detailed review offers an expert perspective on the memorandum, dissecting its structure, content, and pedagogical value. Whether you're a teacher preparing learners or a student seeking clarity, this article provides comprehensive insights into this critical document.

Introduction to the September 2013 Geography Grade 12 Memorandum

The memorandum serves as an official guide that accompanies the question paper, offering detailed marking guidelines and model answers. It acts as a bridge between examiners' expectations and learners' responses, ensuring consistency and fairness in assessment. The September 2013 memorandum stands out due to its clarity, thoroughness, and alignment with the curriculum standards.

Overview of the Structure and Content

The memorandum is meticulously organized to mirror the question paper, providing solutions and marking allocations for each question. It covers a broad spectrum of geographic themes, including physical geography, human geography, and geographical skills.

Key features include:

- Question-by-question breakdown: Clear indication of marks, expected responses, and common pitfalls.
- Model answers: Well-structured responses exemplify the depth and breadth expected from students.
- Marking guidelines: Emphasis on critical points, key terminology, and application of concepts.
- Evaluation criteria: Guidance on awarding marks for reasoning, accuracy, and clarity.

This structure ensures that assessors and learners are aligned, promoting transparency and understanding of assessment standards.

Analysis of Key Sections in the Memorandum

Physical Geography Questions

Physical geography questions often focus on landforms, climate systems, and natural processes. The memorandum emphasizes:

- Detailed explanations: For example, describing how river erosion shapes valleys, with references to specific landforms like V-shaped valleys and floodplains.
- Use of diagrams: Marking schemes often allocate points for labeled diagrams that accurately depict features such as drainage patterns or mountain formations.
- Terminology mastery: Correct use of terms like 'hydrological cycle,' 'orographic rainfall,' or 'plate tectonics' is crucial for full marks.

Expert Tip: Learners should practice drawing and labeling diagrams accurately, as they often carry significant marks and demonstrate understanding.

Human Geography and Population Questions

This section explores topics like urbanization, population growth, and resource management.

- Key themes: The memorandum highlights the importance of discussing causes and effects, such as urban sprawl leading to increased pollution.
- Case studies: Incorporation of specific examples from South Africa or other relevant contexts enhances answers.
- Evaluation and argumentation: Learners are encouraged to critically analyze issues, weighing pros and cons, which the memorandum rewards with higher marks.

Expert Tip: When answering, always structure responses with clear introductions, development, and conclusions, supported by relevant data and examples.

Geographical Skills and Data Interpretation

Skills questions involve map reading, data analysis, and interpretation of graphs or tables.

- Methodical approach: The memorandum guides markers to look for logical reasoning, accuracy, and clarity in responses.
- Use of tools: Correct use of scales, legends, and compass directions in map questions is essential.
- Data analysis: Respondents must interpret trends, patterns, or anomalies in datasets, such as population density maps or climate graphs.

Expert Tip: Practice with past exam papers enhances familiarity with common question formats and improves accuracy in interpretation.

Marking Guidelines and Assessment Strategies

The memorandum emphasizes a balanced assessment approach, awarding marks based on:

- Knowledge and understanding: Correct facts, definitions, and concepts.
- Application: Ability to relate theoretical knowledge to practical examples.
- Analysis and evaluation: Critical thinking and substantiated judgments.
- Presentation: Clarity, coherence, and neatness of responses.

Key features of marking guidelines include:

- Clear allocation of marks: For each part of a multi-part question.
- Expected responses: Model answers provide a benchmark for what constitutes a comprehensive answer.
- Common errors and misconceptions: Identified to prevent unfair penalization and to guide learners on pitfalls to avoid.

Expert Tip: Teachers should use these guidelines to design effective revision sessions and to provide constructive feedback.

Strategies for Learners Based on the Memorandum

To excel using insights from the September 2013 memorandum, students should adopt the following strategies:

- Thoroughly Understand Key Concepts: Focus on core themes like climate systems, landforms, and population dynamics.
- Practice Diagram Drawing: Master accurate, labeled diagrams, as they are integral to many questions.
- Use Case Studies Effectively: Incorporate relevant local and international examples to demonstrate contextual understanding.
- Develop Critical Thinking: Practice questions that require analysis, evaluation, and justification.
- Review Past Memoranda: Familiarize with marking schemes to understand what examiners prioritize.

Expert tip: Form study groups to discuss model answers and conduct peer assessments based on the memorandum's standards.

Implications for Teaching and Learning

The memorandum not only serves as an assessment tool but also as a pedagogical resource. Teachers can use it to:

- Design effective lesson plans: Aligning content with exam expectations.
- Create practice questions: Mimicking the style and depth of the memorandum.
- Assess student progress: Using the marking guidelines to provide objective feedback.
- Identify areas of weakness: Tailoring remedial sessions to address common challenges reflected in examiners' notes.

For learners, understanding the memorandum fosters self-confidence, clarifies expectations, and guides effective revision.

Conclusion: The Value of the September 2013 Memorandum

The Geography Grade 12 memorandum for September 2013 exemplifies a comprehensive, well-structured assessment guide that balances depth with clarity. Its detailed marking schemes, model responses, and strategic insights serve as invaluable tools for both educators and students aiming for excellence. By analyzing and applying the principles embedded within, learners can enhance their understanding, improve their exam performance, and develop a lasting appreciation for the diverse facets of geography.

In essence, this memorandum is more than a grading tool; it is a blueprint for success in Grade 12 geography, fostering a deeper understanding of our world's physical and human landscapes.

QuestionAnswer What are the main topics covered in the Grade 12 Geography Memorandum September 2013? The memorandum covers topics such as climate and weather patterns, population distribution, urbanization, resource management, and environmental sustainability based on the September 2013 exam paper. How does the memorandum explain the concept of urbanization in the September 2013 exam? It explains urbanization as the increase in the proportion of people living in urban areas, highlighting causes like rural-urban migration and the effects on infrastructure and services. What is the significance of the climate zone diagrams in the September 2013 memorandum? They help students understand different climate zones, their characteristics, and how they influence vegetation, agriculture, and settlement patterns. How are resource management strategies addressed in the September 2013 memorandum? The memorandum discusses sustainable practices such as conservation, recycling, and efficient usage of water and

minerals to promote environmental sustainability. What questions related to population distribution are included in the September 2013 memorandum? Questions focus on factors influencing population distribution, such as physical geography, economic opportunities, and social factors, with detailed answers provided. Does the memorandum include map interpretation questions from the September 2013 exam? Yes, it provides guidelines on how to interpret various maps, graphs, and diagrams related to climate, population, and resource distribution. What environmental issues are emphasized in the September 2013 memorandum? Issues such as deforestation, pollution, climate change, and water scarcity are discussed along with possible solutions. How does the memorandum address the impact of climate change on South Africa? It highlights effects like changing rainfall patterns, increased droughts, and their impact on agriculture and water resources. Are case studies included in the September 2013 memorandum? If so, what are they about? Yes, case studies on topics like urban growth in Johannesburg and resource management in the Karoo are included to illustrate key concepts. How can students use the September 2013 memorandum to prepare for their Grade 12 Geography exam? Students can review the detailed answers and marking guidelines to understand exam expectations, practice similar questions, and clarify concepts covered in the paper.

Related keywords: geography grade 12, memorandum, September 2013, exam answers, syllabus, revision notes, grade 12 geography, past papers, solutions, study guide, assessment guidelines

gk question and answers 2013

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In the realm of general knowledge, staying updated with questions and answers from past years is essential for competitive exams, quizzes, and enhancing overall awareness. The year 2013 was significant in shaping various global and national events, and many questions from that year continue to be relevant for aspirants preparing for various exams. This article provides a comprehensive compilation of GK questions and answers from 2013, covering topics ranging from politics and history to science and sports, ensuring you are well-prepared to test your knowledge or prepare for future examinations.

Introduction to GK Questions and Answers 2013

General Knowledge (GK) is a vital component of competitive exams such as UPSC, SSC, banking exams, and school-level tests. Questions from 2013 reflect the political, economic, scientific, and cultural developments of that period. Familiarity with these questions helps aspirants understand the types of questions asked and the areas where they need to focus their studies.

In 2013, several landmark events took place worldwide and in India. These events have been frequently asked in various exams, making it necessary to revise and memorize key facts. The following sections provide a detailed overview of important GK questions from 2013, categorized for easy understanding.

Political and International GK Questions of 2013

Major Political Events

- Question: Who became the Prime Minister of India after the 2013 general elections?

Answer: Narendra Modi

- Question: Which country hosted the G20 Summit in 2013?

Answer: Russia (St. Petersburg)

- Question: Who was the President of the United States in 2013?

Answer: Barack Obama

International Organizations and Leaders

- Question: Who was the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2013?

Answer: Ban Ki-moon

- Question: Which country held the BRICS Summit in 2013?

Answer: South Africa

Important Political Events in India (2013)

- Question: Which Indian state experienced a significant political change in 2013 with the formation of a new government?

Answer: Andhra Pradesh (Reorganization into Telangana)

- Question: Name the President of India in 2013.

Answer: Pranab Mukherjee

Economics and Financial GK Questions 2013

- Question: What was India's GDP growth rate approximately in 2013?

Answer: Around 5.0%

- Question: Which major Indian bank announced the launch of the first mobile banking app in 2013?

Answer: State Bank of India (SBI)

- Question: What was the international price of gold per ounce in 2013?

Answer: Approximately \$1,200 to \$1,400 (varied throughout the year)

Science and Technology GK Questions 2013

Space and Astronomy

- Question: Which planet's mission was launched by NASA in 2013?

Answer: Mars Rover (Curiosity) continued its mission, and NASA launched the MAVEN spacecraft to study Mars' atmosphere.

- Question: What is the name of the satellite launched by India in 2013?

Answer: Mars Orbiter Mission (Mangalyaan)

Innovations and Discoveries

- Question: Which breakthrough in medical science was announced in 2013 involving gene editing?

Answer: Advancements in CRISPR gene-editing technology gained worldwide attention.

- Question: What significant discovery was made in 2013 related to the Higgs boson?

Answer: Confirmation of the Higgs boson particle's properties by CERN scientists.

Sports GK Questions from 2013

- Question: Who won the ICC Cricket World Cup in 2013?

Answer: India won the ICC Champions Trophy (not the World Cup) in 2013.

- Question: Which athlete set a new world record in the 100 meters sprint in 2013?

Answer: Usain Bolt

- Question: Who was the captain of the Indian cricket team during the 2013 Champions Trophy?

Answer: Mahendra Singh Dhoni

Important Awards and Honors of 2013

- Question: Who received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013?

Answer: Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)

- Question: Which Indian was awarded the Padma Vibhushan in 2013?

Answer: Several individuals received the award, including Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam (posthumously) and others across various fields.

World and Cultural GK Questions of 2013

Notable Events and Festivals

- Question: Which city hosted the 2013 G20 Summit?

Answer: St. Petersburg, Russia

- Question: Which major festival was celebrated globally in 2013?

Answer: The 150th anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's birth was commemorated worldwide.

Books, Films, and Literature

- Question: Which film won the Academy Award for Best Picture in 2013?

Answer: "Argo"

- Question: Name the Nobel Prize-winning author who published a notable work in 2013.

Answer: Alice Munro received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2013.

Environmental and Geographical GK Questions 2013

- Question: Which natural disaster caused widespread devastation in the Philippines in 2013?

Answer: Typhoon Haiyan (Yolanda)

- Question: Which mountain was declared the highest in the world after reevaluation in 2013?

Answer: Mount Everest (still the highest, but the height was confirmed to be 8,848.86 meters after a 2013 survey)

Conclusion: Importance of GK Questions from 2013

Studying GK questions from 2013 provides insight into the major global and national events of that year. Such questions are frequently revisited in competitive exams, quizzes, and interviews.

Keeping a record of these questions helps aspirants build a strong foundation in general knowledge, improves their chances of success, and keeps them informed about world affairs.

Regular revision of past GK questions, like those from 2013, ensures that learners stay sharp and confident. Whether you are preparing for a competitive exam or just aiming to enhance your knowledge base, focusing on important questions from previous years is an effective strategy.

Tips for Preparing GK Questions and Answers 2013 and Beyond

- Create a dedicated GK notebook with questions and answers from each year.
- Use online quizzes and apps to test your knowledge regularly.
- Watch news summaries and documentaries related to major events of 2013.
- Join GK discussion groups or forums for interactive learning.
- Revise periodically to retain facts effectively.

By consistently updating your GK with questions from past years like 2013, you will develop a comprehensive understanding of important facts, trends, and historical events that shape our world today.

Note: This compilation is not exhaustive but highlights some of the most significant GK questions from 2013. For a more detailed study, refer to year-specific GK books, competition archives, and official exam syllabi.

GK Question and Answers 2013: A Comprehensive Guide to the Year's General Knowledge

Introduction

GK question and answers 2013 serve as a valuable resource for students, competitive exam aspirants, and trivia enthusiasts seeking to test and expand their general knowledge base. The year 2013 marked significant developments across various domains—politics, science, sports, awards, and world events—that are often reflected in GK questions. This article aims to delve into the notable questions and answers from 2013, providing readers with an in-depth understanding of the year's important facts, along with contextual insights to enhance learning and retention.

The Significance of GK Questions from 2013

Every year, general knowledge questions evolve based on current affairs, discoveries, and global happenings. The 2013 GK set is particularly interesting because it encapsulates pivotal moments that influenced the world and India alike. For aspirants, mastering these questions not only boosts exam scores but also enriches their awareness about recent history and ongoing global

developments.

Major Themes in GK Question and Answers 2013

The GK questions from 2013 broadly cover the following themes:

- Political and International Events
- Science and Technology
- Sports Achievements
- Awards and Honors
- Economics and Business
- Environment and Ecology
- Miscellaneous and Miscellaneous Trivia

Let's explore each of these themes in detail.

Political and International Events in 2013

Key Political Developments

2013 was marked by major political shifts and international diplomacy. Some of the notable questions include:

- Who was the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2013?

Answer: Ban Ki-moon

- Which country experienced a significant political crisis leading to the resignation of its Prime Minister in 2013?

Answer: Italy (Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi resigned, and Enrico Letta took charge)

- In 2013, which nation became the first African country to qualify for the FIFA World Cup?

Answer: Algeria

- Name the Indian politician who was elected as the President of India in 2012 and held office throughout 2013.

Answer: Pranab Mukherjee

Major International Events

- What was the name of the historic agreement signed between the U.S. and Afghanistan in 2013 regarding the future presence of U.S. troops?

Answer: The Bilateral Security Agreement (BSA)

- Which country hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy in cricket?

Answer: England

Notable Political Figures

- Who was appointed as the new Prime Minister of Bangladesh in 2013?

Answer: Sheikh Hasina (re-elected in 2013)

Science and Technology Highlights of 2013

Breakthrough Discoveries and Innovations

2013 saw several scientific breakthroughs, often forming the basis of GK questions:

- Which planet was officially classified as a dwarf planet in 2013 by the International Astronomical Union?

Answer: Pluto

- What was the name of the first commercially available 3D printer launched in 2013?

Answer: The first commercial 3D printer was the MakerBot Replicator 2

- In 2013, which country launched the Mars Orbiter Mission?

Answer: India (ISRO launched Mars Orbiter Mission, Mangalyaan)

- Which technology giant announced the release of Windows 8.1 in 2013?

Answer: Microsoft

Scientific Milestones

- What significant discovery regarding the Higgs boson was announced in 2013?

Answer: Confirmation of the Higgs boson particle by CERN scientists

- Which gene-editing technology gained prominence in 2013?

Answer: CRISPR-Cas9

Sports Achievements in 2013

Sports frequently dominate GK questions, and 2013 was no exception:

- Who won the FIFA Ballon d'Or award in 2013?

Answer: Cristiano Ronaldo

- Which country won the ICC Champions Trophy 2013?

Answer: India

- Who became the first Indian to win a gold medal at the World Wrestling Championships in 2013?

Answer: Sushil Kumar

- Name the Indian cricket team captain in 2013 during the ICC Champions Trophy.

Answer: Mahendra Singh Dhoni

- Which athlete set a new world record in the men's 100 meters in 2013?

Answer: Usain Bolt (though he equaled his own record, he remained the fastest)

Awards and Honors of 2013

This section includes notable awards conferred in 2013:

- Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013?

Answer: Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)

- Who received the Bharat Ratna, India's highest civilian award, in 2013?

Answer: Atal Bihari Vajpayee (posthumously awarded in 2015, but discussions and recognitions related to his leadership were prominent in 2013)

- Which film won the Best Picture at the 85th Academy Awards in 2013?

Answer: "Argo"

- Who was awarded the Booker Prize in 2013?

Answer: Eleanor Catton for her novel The Luminaries

Economic and Business Developments in 2013

- Which country's economy was the fastest-growing among G20 nations in 2013?

Answer: China

- What major global company announced a significant acquisition or merger in 2013?

Answer: Facebook announced the acquisition of Instagram in 2012, but its impact was felt through 2013; additionally, in 2013, Apple announced the iPhone 5s and 5c launch.

- Which Indian company became the most valuable in market capitalization in 2013?

Answer: Reliance Industries

Environment and Ecology in 2013

- What major environmental event occurred along the Indian coast in 2013?

Answer: The massive cyclone Phailin struck the eastern coast of India

- Which animal was declared extinct in the wild in 2013?

Answer: The Western Black Rhinoceros (though the process was ongoing, the IUCN officially declared it extinct in 2013)

- What was the theme of Earth Day 2013?

Answer: "The Face of Climate Change"

Miscellaneous Trivia and Noteworthy Facts

- Which viral social media phenomenon gained popularity in 2013?

Answer: The "Harlem Shake" videos

- What was the name of the popular gaming console launched by Sony in 2013?

Answer: PlayStation 4

- Which iconic Indian space manned mission was announced but not launched in 2013?

Answer: The Indian Human Spaceflight Program, later named Gaganyaan, was in planning stages during 2013.

How to Use 2013 GK Questions for Competitive Exams

Understanding the pattern and types of questions from 2013 can greatly improve preparation strategies:

- Focus on current affairs around 2013, including political changes, international treaties, and scientific breakthroughs.
- Keep abreast of sports achievements and awards handed out during that year.
- Regularly revise world events and Indian history and polity to grasp the context behind questions.
- Practice with mock tests that incorporate GK questions from 2013 to improve speed and accuracy.

Conclusion

GK question and answers 2013 encapsulate a year of remarkable global and national milestones. From scientific discoveries to political upheavals, and from sporting triumphs to cultural accolades, the year offers a rich tapestry of knowledge. Aspiring learners and competitive exam candidates can leverage this information to build a strong foundation in general knowledge. As history often repeats itself or gets referenced, understanding the events of 2013 not only prepares you for exams but also enhances your awareness of recent global developments.

By delving into the questions and answers from 2013, enthusiasts can appreciate how the world evolved during that period and how those events continue to influence current affairs. Staying updated with such historical GK points ensures that you remain well-informed and ready for any quiz or exam that tests your breadth of knowledge.

Remember: Consistency is key. Regular revision of GK questions from past years like 2013 will strengthen your overall preparedness and boost confidence in any competitive scenario.

Question What was the major international event that took place in 2013? One of the major international events in 2013 was the election of Pope Francis as the 266th Pope of the Roman Catholic Church. Which country hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy in cricket? England hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy. Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013? The Nobel Peace Prize in 2013 was awarded to the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical

Weapons (OPCW). What significant technological advancement was made in 2013? In 2013, the Bitcoin cryptocurrency gained widespread attention and saw a significant rise in value. Which film won the Best Picture Oscar in 2013? The film 'Argo' won the Best Picture Oscar at the 85th Academy Awards in 2013. What was a major scientific discovery or achievement in 2013? NASA's Curiosity rover discovered evidence of ancient freshwater lakes on Mars in 2013. Which country became the first to approve a vaccine for Ebola in 2013? Sierra Leone became the first country to approve an Ebola vaccine in 2013. Who was the Prime Minister of India in 2013? Manmohan Singh was the Prime Minister of India in 2013.

Related keywords: general knowledge, quiz, trivia, current affairs, GK questions, GK answers, 2013 events, general awareness, competitive exams, quiz questions

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